

THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF Human Rights



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI PALERMO

of the inherent dignity and of the equal and
l members of the human family is the foundation
and peace in the world,

and contempt for human rights have resulted in
which have outraged the conscience of mankind, and
world in which human beings shall enjoy freedom of
aspiration of the common people,
essential, if man is not to be compelled to have recourse,
rt, to rebellion against tyranny and oppression, that huma
d be protected by the rule of law,

United Nations have in the Charter reaffirmed
rights in the dignity and worth of
men and women and have

determined to promote social progress and better standards of life
larger freedom,
WHEREAS Member States have pledged themselves to achieve,
operation with the United Nations, the promotion of universal
for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedom

Adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights
importance for the full realization of this pledge
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
achievement for all peoples and all nations,
national and every organ of society, keeping
recognition and observance, to secure their universal
themselves and among the peoples of territories under their jurisdiction.

ation insuring for himself and his family an existence worthy of
human dignity, and supplemented, if necessary, by other means of
social protection.
4. Everyone has the right to form and to join trade unions
for the protection of his interests.

ARTICLE 24 — Everyone has the right to rest and leisure, including
reasonable limitation of working hours and periodic holidays with
pay.
ARTICLE 25 — 1. Everyone has the right to a standard of living ad
sufficient for the health and well-being of himself and of his fam
including food, clothing, housing, medical care and neces
sary social services, and the right to security in the event of unem
employment, sickness, old age or other loss of his livelihood.
2. Special care shall be taken of mothers and children.
3. Everyone has the right to special care and assistance in old age and in
widowhood, old age or other loss of his livelihood.

Winter Course

THE DARK SIDE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Dottorato di ricerca in "Diritti umani: evoluzione, tutela e limiti"
25° Anniversario 1993-2018

In cooperation with Departament de Filosofia del dret i política, Universitat de Valencia

19 FEBRUARY 2018

10:00 - Human rights and war. The missing right to
peace, Isabel Trujillo, *Università di Palermo*

15:00 - Humanitarian law, Human rights law, laws
of war. Convergencies and conflicts from
the point of view of NGOs, Federica
Nogarotto, *Medici senza frontiere*

20 FEBRUARY 2018

10:00 - Finanza e diritti umani, Jesús Ballesteros
Universitat de Valencia

15:00 - Maternidad subrogada: delito o derecho?,
Vicente Bellver, *Universitat de Valencia*

21 FEBRUARY 2018

10:00 - Estados fallidos y violación de los derechos
humanos, Encarnación Fernández,
Universitat de Valencia

15:00 - Obiezione di coscienza e vulnerabilità; una
spiacevole conseguenza della nozione di
"privacy morale"; Francesco Biondo,
Università di Palermo

22 FEBRUARY 2018

10:00 - Human rights as a divisive issue in the UN
Security Council, Carla Monteleone,
Università di Palermo

15:00 - Reducing vulnerabilities and building
resilience. Il paradigma del
capacity-development nella cooperazione
internazionale allo sviluppo, Serena Marcenò,
Università di Palermo

23 FEBRUARY 2018

09:00 - Diritti sociali e garanzie di effettività tra
crisi economica e prestazioni pubbliche,
Caterina Ventimiglia, *Università di Palermo*

11:00 - La disobbedienza fiscale, Maria Pierro,
Università dell'Insubria

15:00 - Le sfide della povertà mondiale e i diritti
umani, A. La Spina, *Università Luiss, Roma*

Dipartimento di Giurisprudenza

19 - 23 | 2 | 2018

Aula Diritti umani - Piazza Bologni, 8 Palermo